

THE
"OVERLAND CHINA MAIL"
(PUBLISHED EVERY
MAIL DAY)
Contains the Week's News
of Hongkong and the
Far East.
Price (including Postage) to any
part of the world, \$13
per annum.

The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1845

AGENTS
Orders for the "China Mail"
and "OVERLAND CHINA MAIL"
may be made to any agent of
the following firms—
Canton, PEARL & CO.
HONGKONG, BROOKLYN & CO.
SHEWAN, TOMES & CO. LTD.
HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO
STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.
HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO
STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.
HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO
STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

No. 16431.

號七月正年六十百九千壹英

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, JANUARY 7, 1916.

卯乙未歲年四國民華中

PRICE, \$8.00 Per Month

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

Wine & Spirit Merchants
ESTABLISHED 74 YEARS.

Agents for—

W. & A. GILBEY'S
WINE & SPIRITS.

JOHN DEWAR & SON'S
SCOTCH WHISKY.

JOHN JEFFREY & CO.'S
PILSENER BEER.



NOTICES.

ANY EUROPEAN, NON ASIATIC or
INDIAN desiring to leave the
Colonial Police, at least 48 hours
before the intended hour of departure,
giving name, nationality, age, sex, height
and complexion of the applicant, and
stating the name of the steamer or other
vessel or the hours of the train by which
the applicant wishes to leave. Applicants
should apply in person for their passes at
the Central Police Station between the
hours of 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 2 p.m. to
4 p.m. daily.

PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY,
LIMITED.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS.

7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
11.00 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
2.15 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
5.00 p.m. to 8.10 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

NIGHT CARS.

8.30 p.m. and 9 p.m., 9.30 p.m. to 11.00
p.m. every half hour.
11.00 p.m. to 12.45 p.m. every quarter of
an hour.

SUNDAY.

7.45 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
11.00 a.m. to 12.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
12.00 p.m. to 1.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
5.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
8.00 p.m. to 9.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
9.00 p.m. to 9.10 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

NIGHT CARS as on Week Days.

SATURDAY.

Extra Car at 12 midnight.
SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the
Company's Office, ALEXANDRA BUILDING,
Des Voeux Road Central.

Season and punch tickets available for
all cars not already full running at the
time stated in the Company's time tables,
but not for special cars, can be obtained
on application at the Company's Office.
No Season ticket will be issued until
payment therefor has been made in Bank
Notes or by Cheque or Comproadors order
representing Bank Notes.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON
General Managers.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO.

IN WHICH ARE VESTED THE SHARES OF
THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE
COMPANY, LTD.,
and
THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS
ASSURANCE CO.

TOTAL FUNDS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1914.

£23,970,587.
I—Authorized Capital £8,000,000
Subscribed Capital £4,500,000
Paid-up Capital £2,437,500
II—Life & Annuity Funds £17,607,500
Sinking Fund Account £23,970,587

Revenue Fire Branch £2,381,456
Life and Annuity Branches £2,141,593
Revenue Marine Department £37,239
Other Receipts £73,940

The Accumulative Funds of the various
Branches are separately invested, and, by
Act of Parliament, are set aside to meet
the claims under the respective Depart-
ments of the Company's Business.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.
Agents.

If you happen to detain your meals will
be cheerfully and promptly served
at the same. Only at the ALEXAN-
DRA CAFE.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

W. S. BAILEY & Co., Ltd. THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD AND

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS
BOILERMAKERS, BLACKSMITHS and FOUNDERS
REPAIRS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
SOLE AGENTS KELVIN MOTORS.
STEAM LAUNCH FOR SALE.

LOCAL SHOPPING

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

CONFECTIONERY

Selections of the Purest and finest quality
Imported from the Leading
LONDON and NEW YORK HOUSES.

CADBURY'S CHOCOLATES
in fancy boxes.

TOM SMITH'S & CALEY'S
CRACKERS.

Special Designs for Table Decorations.

A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

YOU CAN HIRE AN AUTO-PIANO

AT MODERATE TERMS, WITH
A FREE SUPPLY OF ROLLS

IT IS THE IDEAL
MUSIC-MAKER FOR THE

NEW YEAR

CALL IN AND HEAR
IT AT THE SOLE
AGENTS

ROBINSON'S.

J. ULLMANN & Co.

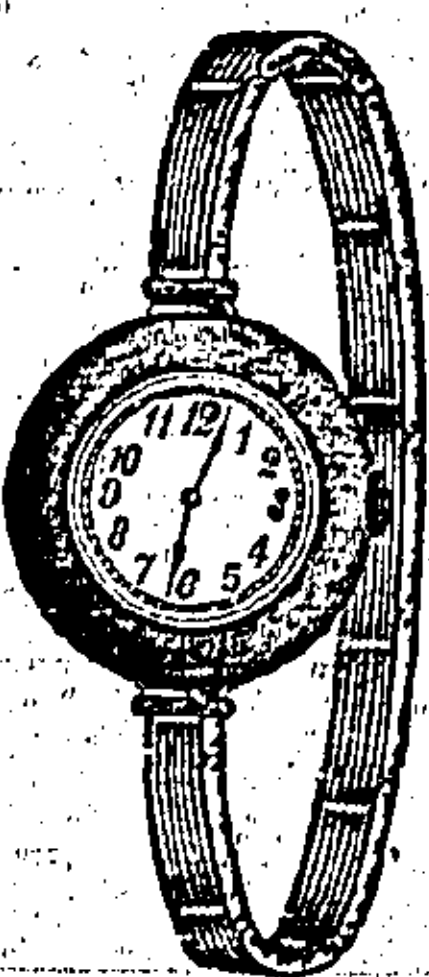
The French Jewellery House

WATCHES
JEWELLERY
DIAMONDS

EVERYTHING IN GOLD & SILVER
WARE

CUT GLASS & FANCY GOODS

The place for
USEFUL
PRESENTS.



ALEXANDRA CAFE.

We Serve the Best Tiffin or Dinner in Hongkong
for \$1.00.

Roast Ready for the Table Hot or Cold Roast Turkey, Geese, Pheasants,
Sirloin of Beef, Saddle of Mutton &c. Pork Saucages (own make) Game Pies,
Pork Pies, Plum Puddings, Minced Meat, Minced Pies.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

ENGINEERING CO. OF HONGKONG LTD.

TAIKOO DOCKYARD, HONGKONG.

SHIPBUILDERS, SALVORS and REPAIRERS, BOILERMAKERS, FORGE
MASTERS, BRASS and IRON FOUNDERS, CONSTRUCTIONAL,
ELECTRICAL and MECHANICAL ENGINEERS
WELDING and CUTTING OF METALS BY OXY-ACETYLENE
AND ELECTRIC SYSTEMS.
Estimates given for quick construction and repair of Ships, Engines, Boilers, Railway
Rolling Stock, Bridges, and all Classes of Engineering, Iron and Wood Work.

GRAYING DOCK—737' x 38' x 34'
Pumps empty Dock in 2 3/4 hours.

THREE PATENT SLIPWAYS taking vessels up to 3,000 tons displacement,
providing conditions for fitting ships with most efficient results.

66-Ton ELECTRIC CRANE ON QUAY—ELECTRIC OVERHEAD CRANES
throughout the Shop ranging up to 100 Tons.
50-Ton Hydraulic TESTING MACHINE for Chains, Wire Ropes, Rivets, etc.

AGENTS FOR—

JOHN L. THORNTON & CO., LTD.

PETROL & KEROSENE MARINE MOTORS 1 1/2 to 150 H.P.

As supplied to the British Admiralty and War Office.

MOTOR VESSELS, LIGHT DRAFT CARRIERS, GUNBOATS,
LAUNCHES, HOUSEBOATS & PLEASURE CRAFT OF EVERY
DESCRIPTION.

MOTOR PUMPING & LIGHTING SETS, MOTOR VEHICLES, etc.

Dockyard Manager can be seen between the hours of 11 a.m. and 12 noon at the
Town Office.

SUTHERFIELD & SWIRE

HONGKONG, CHINA AND JAPAN AGENTS.

Telegraphic Address: "TAIKOO DOCK." Telephone No. 215.

SPECIAL OFFER.

Reduced Price 50 cents.

"A SCOUT IN FAIRYLAND"

"JOHN IN HONGKONG"

A local Fairy Story entirely produced in Hongkong, with topical illustrations
for the benefit of the Prince of Wales' Fund.

ON SALE AT—

Messrs. Wm. Powell, Ltd.,

Messrs. Wiseman, Ltd.,

Messrs. Kelly and Walsh, Ltd.,

Messrs. Whiteaway, Laidlaw & Co., Ltd.

and The China Mail, Ltd.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL

AND

GRILL ROOM

J. H. TAGGART.

MANAGER.

PEAK HOTEL

ADAMABLY SITUATED AT VICTORIA GAP.

Adjoining the Tramway Terminus, 1,400 feet above Sea Level.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY, RESIDENTIAL AND TOURISTS' HOTEL.

Telephones in all rooms. First-class Cuisine, Lounge, Smoking and Ladies' rooms,
Roof Garden.

Terms—From \$5 per day Mex.

Telegraph Add: "Peakful."

P.O. PEUSTER,
Manager.

GRAND HOTEL

A FIRST CLASS AND UP-TO-DATE HOTEL, most central location within
the vicinity of all the principal Banks.
Noted for the Best Food, Refreshments, Accommodation and Cleanliness. Cuisine
under European Supervision. A First Class string Orchestra renders selections from
5.30 p.m. to 11.30 p.m.

Special monthly terms for residents and for Shipping.

For further particulars apply—

Telephone 107.

Telegraphic Address: "COMFORT."

KING EDWARD HOTEL

Central Location.

ALL ELECTRIC TRAM PASS ENTRANCES.
Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting.
European Baths and Sanitary Buildings.
Hot and Cold Water System throughout.

Best of Food and Service.

Telephone 375.

Telegraphic Address: "VICTORIA."

"VICTORIA."

J. WITCHELL,
Manager.

LEE YEE'S

HAIR DRESSING SALOON.

Electric Facial Massage with
Massage Cream, Perfume,
By

EXPERIENCED HANDS

Novelty Magazines,
Ladies' Fashion Books and
Toilet Requisites.

12, D'Aguiar Street.

Hongkong, July 6, 1916.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.

Portland Cement

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

Shewan, Tomes & Co.

GENERAL MANAGERS.

HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO & WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO
STEAMSHIP CO., LTD., AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.
CANTON TO HONGKONG.
FRIDAY, 7th JANUARY.

8 A.M. "HONGSHAN" 8 A.M. "HONAM"
10 P.M. "KINSHAN" 4.30 P.M. "FATSHAN"

SATURDAY, 8th JANUARY.
8 A.M. "HONAM" 8 A.M. "HONGSHAN"
10 P.M. "KINSHAN" 4.30 P.M. "FATSHAN"

Single Fare by Night Steamer \$ 8.00
Return Fare by Night (available also for Return by day Steamer) 10.00
Single Fare by Day Steamer 4.00
Return Fare by Day Steamer 8.00

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.
S.S. "TAI SHAN" Tons 206 S.S. "SUI TAI" Tons 185L
HONGKONG TO MACAO.

Week days at 8 A.M. and 2 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf
Sundays at 9 A.M. and 1 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

MACAO TO HONGKONG.
Week days at 7.30 A.M. and 2 P.M. Sundays, at 7.30 A.M. and 3 P.M.

EXCURSION TO MACAO.

SUNDAY, 9th JANUARY.

The Company's Steamship "TAISHAN,"
will depart from the COMPANY'S WING LOK STREET WHARF at 9 A.M.
and return from Macao at 3 P.M.

N.B.—The Company will also run a steamer from Macao on Sunday morning at
7.30 A.M., and from Hongkong at 1 P.M., from the Company's Wing Lok Street
Wharf.

CANTON-MACAO LINE.

S.S. "SULAN."

Departures from Macao to Canton on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9 P.M.
Departures from Canton to Macao on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 4.30 P.M.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO
STEAMSHIP CO., LTD., THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.,
AND THE INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

CANTON-WUOHOW LINE.

S.S. "SAINAM" 588 Tons, and S.S. "NANSING" 469 Tons.

One of the above Steamers leaves Canton for Wuohow every Monday, Wednesday
and Friday, at about 8 A.M., and the other leaves Wuohow for Canton on the
same days at 8.30 A.M. Round trips take about 5 days. Passengers can return to
Hongkong or vice versa by the Company's direct Steamers "KINTAI" and
"SANTAI." These vessels have superior Cabin accommodation and are lighted
throughout by electricity. Electric Fan in each Cabin.

Booking Office open daily (Sunday excepted) 9 A.M. to 5 P.M.
Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the:

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

HOTEL MANSIONS (Formerly "Pavilion")

Opposite the Blake Pier.

"MUMEYA"

"While-you-wait" Photography.

JUST ARRIVED FROM JAPAN A FULLY QUALIFIED ARTIST WITH
APPARATUS AND MATERIALS WHICH CAN FINISH
IN AN HOUR.

PRICE 2.00 per 3 pcs. on Post Cards.

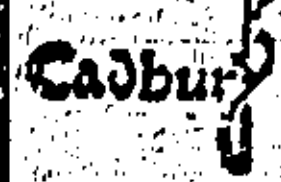
No. 5, Queen's Road Central.

TELE: No. 254.

Bournville

The "COCOA de Luxe"

HIGHEST GRADE
BRITISH MADE



Cadbury

The Mark of Quality

"BOURNVILLE COCOA represents the
highest grade of nutritive cocoa at present
known. It fully maintains its high reputa-
tion in food value and delicacy of flavor,
is second to none in any respect whatsoever."
Medical Magazine, March, 1912.

CADBURY'S CHOCOLATES

In Tins and Fancy Boxes
Specially Packed for Export

FROM "THE FACTORY IN A GARDEN" BOURNVILLE, ENGLAND.



Hughes and Hough
AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT
AND ADMIRALTY.

General Auctioneers
AND
Share, Coal and
General Brokers.
—
PROPRIETORS
"TO-KWA-WAN"
COAL STORAGE.

Code used
A.B.C. 4th & 5th Editions.
A.L. TELEGRAPHIC CODE.
—
Telegraphic Address
MEIRION HONGKONG.

FOR SALE.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street,
One Piano by Broadwood & Sons (good condition),
One "by Collard & Collard, good condition,
One "by Hainswood & Son, good condition,
One "by Montington & Weston, good condition,
Two Boudoir Grand Pianos by Broadwood & Sons,
Piano by Koch & Schme,
Piano by Weindensh.wfe.
Apply to the Undersigned.
Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (for account of the concerned),

SATURDAY,

the 8th January, 1916, commencing at 10.30 a.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street,—

A NUMBER OF LOTS OF
CHINESE PORCELAIN.
Consisting of:—
Blue and White, 5-Coloured, Apple Green and Sang-de-bœuf Vases, Figures, Josses, Snuff Bottles, Ornaments, etc., etc.,
Also
Lady's Hats (new), Lady's Hat Trimmings, Dress Shields, Lady's Blouses and Dresses (new), Corsets, Underwear, Silk Sashes, Lace, Gloves, etc., etc.,
And
150 Pairs Men's and Boy's Boots and Shoes.
Terms:—Cash.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Jan. 5, 1916. 14

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

TUESDAY,

the 11th January, 1916, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street,

A LARGE QUANTITY OF
VALUABLE TEAKWOOD AND
BLACKWOOD FURNITURE,
BRASS FENDERS, FIRE BRASSES,
CURTAIN POLES, CARPETS,
RUGS, &c.,
As Follows:—

Two Upholstered Suites, Arm-chairs and Sofas, Card Table, Bedroom Furniture, Double and Single Brass mounted Bedsteads, Sideboard, Dinner Wagon, Extension Dining Table and Chairs, Tea and Occasional Tables, etc., etc., Dinner, Tea and Coffee Services, Crockery, Glass, and E.P. Ware, 2 Cooking Stoves, Cutlery, Brass Fenders, Curtain Poles, etc., etc.

Also
Four Pianos (in good condition), Electric Reading Lamp, One large 4-Fold Blackwood Screen, a quantity of Blackwood Furniture, etc., etc., 20 armchairs, etc. (Full Particulars from Catalogue.)
Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Jan. 5, 1916. 15

FRENCH LESSONS

G. MOUSSON.

15, Morrison Hill Road.

If you have lost your appetite, one of the best variety of dishes at the ALEXANDRA CAFE is sure to tempt you.

ENTERTAINMENT.

VICTORIA THEATRE

FRIDAY, 7th JANUARY, 1916.

THE POLO CHAMPION

A two reel Society Drama in which are included some unique pictures of Polo Playing, Society's most favoured Sport.

Also

THE SIGNAL OF DEATH

In 2 parts.

Full of exciting incidents.

Interesting British Gazette.

COMICS

NEW CURE FOR GOUT
GUARDING ADOLPHINE.

THE BOY, THE BUST, THE BATH.

THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING Co., Ltd.
Established 1883
MANUFACTURERS OF

PURE Manila ROPE

STRAND 3" to 16" CIRCUMFERENCE.	CABLE LAD 5" to 16" CIRCUMFERENCE.	4 STRAND 3" to 10" CIRCUMFERENCE.
---------------------------------------	--	---

Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length.

Prices, Samples and full particulars will be forwarded on application to
Shewan Tomes & Co., General Managers.

Hongkong, April 11, 1915.

Born 1830
—Still going strong.



There is no need
to hunt for

JOHNNIE WALKER

It is obtainable throughout the World in three guaranteed ages.

JOHNNIE WALKER "White Label." Over 6 years old.
JOHNNIE WALKER "Red Label." Over 10 years old.
JOHNNIE WALKER "Black Label." Over 12 years old.

To safeguard these ages our policy for the future is the policy of the past. First and foremost to see that the margin of stocks over sales is always large enough to maintain our unique quality.

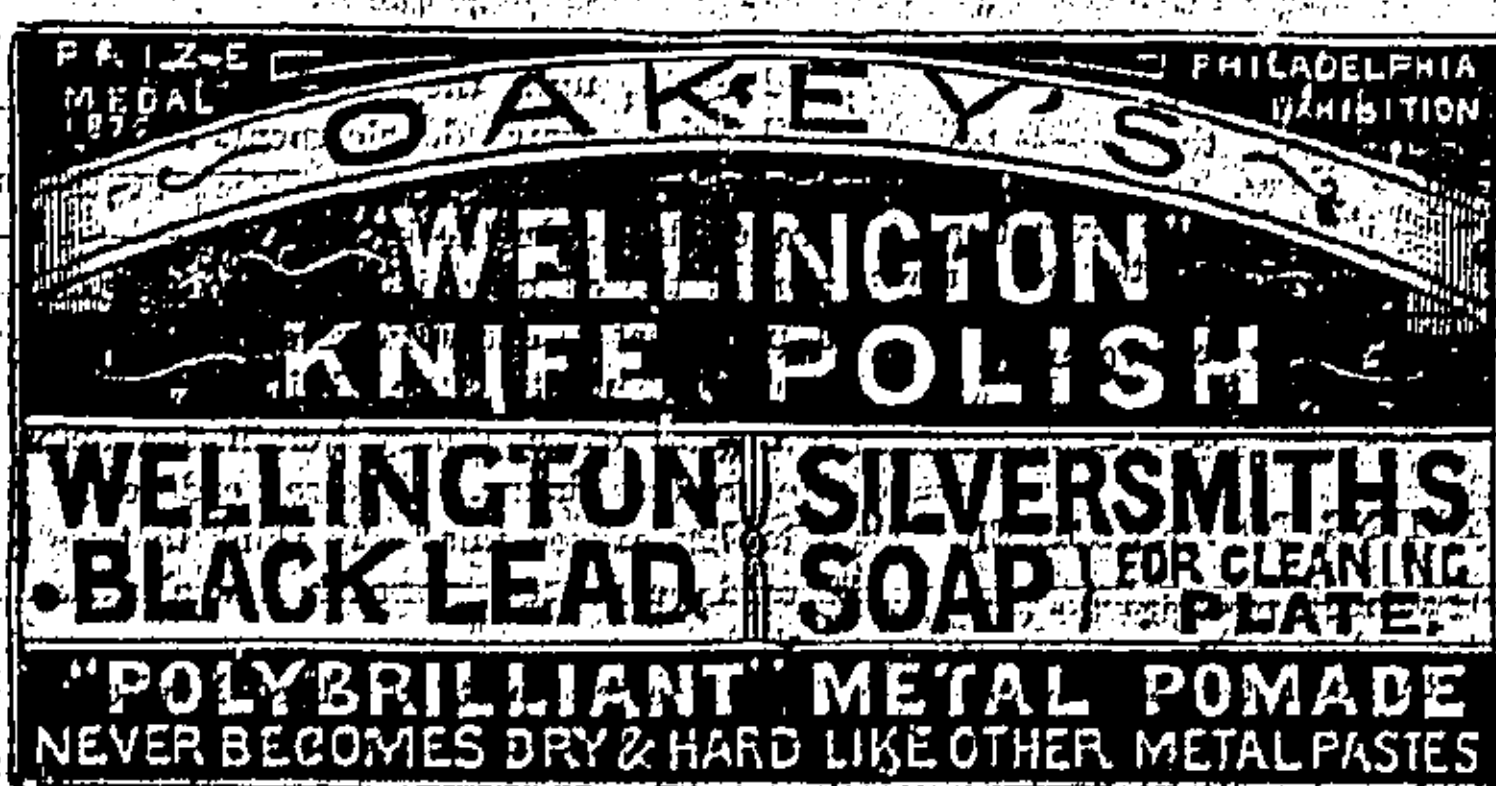
Agents General, CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO.

JOHN WALKER & SONS, LTD., Scotch Whisky Distillers, GLASGOW, SCOTLAND.

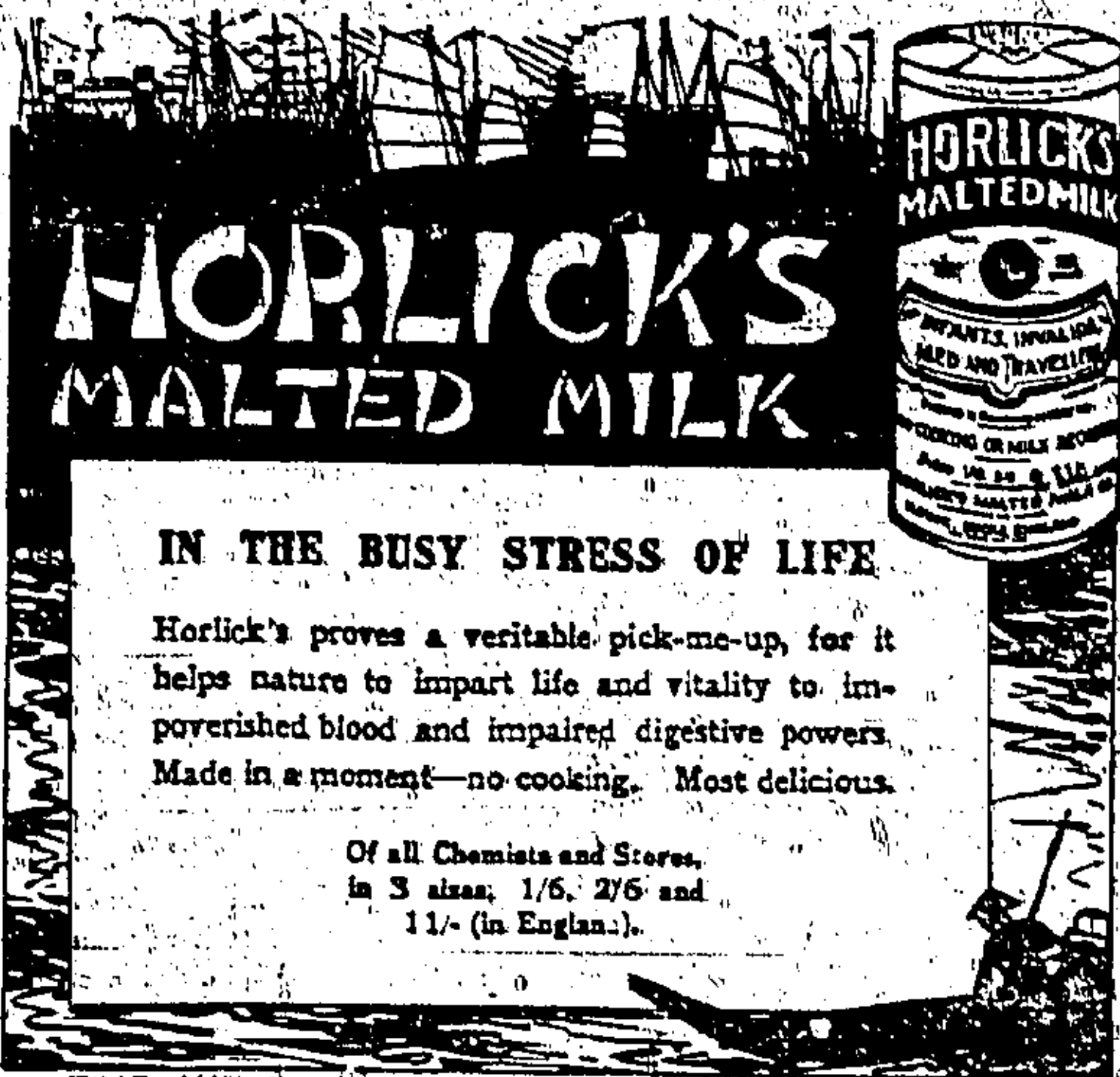
LIFE WITHOUT HEALTH IS LIVING DEATH. VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD

The latest discovery of modern times, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve and brain power, whether induced by worry, overwork, dissipation or other causes. It restores depleted vitality, defective circulation, nervous dyspepsia, tic or neuralgia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, want of confidence, general debility, premature decay or debility of the vital forces, loss of vitality, harassing dreams, restlessness that can settle to working, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, backache, beating down, excessive smoking, drinking, consumption, night sweats, neuralgia, high-colored water, etc., etc. It is all so many different phases of brain and nerve weakness and exhaustion, the cause of by far the greater portion of the misery, ill-health and dependency by which we are confronted on every hand, that can only be successfully combated by the use of this wonderful and highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, restores all weakening, wasting diseases, restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to those who had so recently seemed played out, used up and valueless.

VETARZO Blood Medicine. See next insertion for full particulars. Send stamped self-addressed envelope for free booklet, or P.O. 2/6 for "True Book" or other remedy to THE VETARZO REMEDIES CO., GOSPEL OAK, LONDON. Unprincipled vendors may try to sell you something else for extra profit—do not accept it, but insist on getting VETARZO. The genuine test words "VETARZO REMEDIES" on Government Stamp. SOLD BY BOOTHS, CASH CHEMISTS.



JOHN OAKLEY & SONS, LIMITED, Wellington Works, London.



FIRE ON THE "LOONGWO."

A LONG TUSSEL WITH DENSE
VOLUMES OF SMOKE.

What might have proved a dangerous fire was discovered yesterday morning, says the "N. C. Daily News" of Thursday last, on board the s.s. "Loongwo," belonging to the Indo-China Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., just as the vessel was about to leave her berth. It was fortunate that the ship had been delayed by the police effecting an arrest in connection with an allegation of opium smuggling of "otherwise, the outbreak would not have been noticed until the ship had been well on her way in mid stream, when the consequences might have been more serious in view of the large number of passengers on board, who might have been taken with panic.

HUGE VOLUMES OF SMOKE.

From the outset it was clear that the fire would be difficult to get at; huge volumes of smoke making the task of the men all the more difficult. In fact, what they did was by means of respirators, the men working in relays. To minimize the effect of the smoke two holes were cut in the awning deck and, while this helped matters a little, the task of the Brigade was still carried out under adverse conditions. By about nine o'clock the Brigade was able to lower lines down into the hold, the smoke by that time having considerably abated. Attempts were made to get down into the hold affected, No. 2 hold, but the smoke was still too great for them.

By half past eleven o'clock an entry was effected and men were set working left and right underneath; the smoke seemed to be coming from the bottom of the cargo well forward. The seat of the trouble here seemed to be practically inaccessible, the staff of the "Old Dock Company," to enable the Brigade to pass lines of hose and ladders down to it, cut, by means of an oxyacetylene flame, two holes in the main deck. This manoeuvre succeeded to the extent of getting the fire well in hand, though even then it was not extinguished.

THE VESSEL SIFTED.

Consequently it was deemed advisable to steam the hold and, with this end in view, the holes were covered up and steam was pumped in for some time to lay the smoke. In the meantime the vessel was shifted from the Wharf to a berth near Chaufoong Road. Between 2.30 and 3 p.m. the hold was again opened up and the men went down to be rewarded by seeing a trace of flame upon which they immediately put a jet, with excellent results. The fire was finally extinguished by a quarter past four.

On inspection of the cargo it was found that the fire, which was confined to quite a small area, had broken out amongst some bales of dried orange peel, oranges for preserving, paper and two or three bales of piece goods. It is thought that the cause of the fire was spontaneous combustion. The fire having been extinguished the work of discharging the cargo, a considerable portion of which was damaged by water was immediately taken in hand.

The "Loongwo" is one of the fine steamers of the Company running between Shanghai and Hankow. She is commanded by Captain Christie.

LOSING WEIGHT BY THE POUND

"Under Weight," a condition of ill-health, shows your assimilative powers are decreasing.

**WATERBURY'S
METABOLIZED
COD LIVER OIL
COMPOUND**

Supplies the blood with the wanted creaming and healthy flesh building materials. Very palatable.

OF ALL CHEMISTS

Prices \$1.25 and \$2.25

BRITISH COMPANIES IN CHINA.

NEW ORDER IN COUNCIL.

An Order in Council was published in the "London Gazette" of 30th November, making further provision with reference to the exercise of jurisdiction over British companies carrying on business in China. The Order came into force on January 1, and its object is to exclude German control or influence.

It provides that the majority of the directors of a China company shall be British subjects resident within the British jurisdiction. "China company" means a company limited by shares or by guarantee incorporated under the Companies Ordinance, 1911, of the Colony of Hongkong and the operations of which are directed and controlled from some place within the limits of the Order. If the proportion of British directors falls to or below one-half, the directors and shareholders must appoint new British directors within a specified period. Failure to comply with this provision shall be a ground for winding up a company. None but British subjects may be appointed auditors, liquidators, and receivers.

No shares can be issued by a China company except either as fully-paid, or upon terms that the shares shall be paid up within three months. No China company limited by guarantee will be allowed to operate in China without the consent of the Minister, and any member of the company, who is not a British subject, shall deposit in Court or give security for or conform to such arrangement as the Minister shall think fit for ensuring the payment of the amount for which he would not be liable under the guarantee. But this latter provision will not apply to China companies limited by guarantee operating in China at the date of the order.

KUNG YIK COTTON S. & W. CO.

At a meeting of the consulting committee of the Kung Yik Cotton Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd., held on December 31st, it was decided that the shareholders should be recommended to apportion the balance at credit of profit and loss account on November 30, 1915, of Tls. 189,955.19, as follows:—

	Tls.
To pay a dividend of Tls. 1.50 per share on 75,000 shares	112,500.00
To write off Buildings	12,000.00
To write off Plant and Machinery	32,000.00
To write off Furniture	200.00
To write off Motor-Car	146.53
To place to Equalization of Dividend Account	25,000.00
To pay a Bonus to Staff at Mill	3,000.00
To carry forward to new account	6,108.66
Tls. 189,955.19	

JAPANESE MAKERS.

Every kind of Footwear

MADE

TO
ORDER



CHERRY & CO.,

PEPPER STREET,

Opposite Hongkong Hotel.

Telephone No. 491.

Hongkong, March 20, 1914.

SINGON & CO.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1880.

IRON STEEL METAL and HARD WARE MERCHANTS. Wholesale and Retail Ironmongers. Pig Iron and Foundry Cast Ironware. General Storekeepers and Shipchandlers. Nos. 85 and 87, Hing Loong Street, (Red Street, west of Central Market) Telephone No. 515. Opening, September 4, 1915.

LOCAL SHOPPING.

NEW MODELS

of the famous

WEBER AND

ALLISON PIANOS.



BRITISH MADE THROUGHOUT
INSPECTION SOLICITED.

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SMART BOOTS & SHOES

INSPECTION INVITED.

The Signature.

To distinguish the original and genuine Worcestershire Sauce from the many imitations, see that the signature of LEA & PERRINS appears in *White* across the *Red* label on every bottle.

No other sauce has such an exquisitely delicate flavour, or such a reputation among discriminating people in every part of the world.

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NATURE'S HAIR WARNINGS.

NATURE NEVER STRIKES WITHOUT WARNING.

But people as a rule put off. It is when the pillow shows the turgent hairs in the morning: when dandruff and scurf sprinkle the hair, when it is dry and brittle that it is time to commence AT ONCE using

WATSON'S RESORCIN HAIR WASH.

PREPARED ONLY BY

A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.

HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

The China Mail.

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, JAN. 7, 1916.

COMPULSORY SERVICE FOR SHIRKERS.

THE debate on the Compulsion Bill is interesting for the light it throws on the recent difficulties of the Cabinet in coming to a decision on the question. If Sir JOHN SIMON has said all that there is to be said against the measure, we cannot believe that the action he has taken in resigning from the Cabinet will command very general approval. Public opinion in Great Britain is undoubtedly opposed overwhelmingly to compulsory military service, on general principles, and nothing but the clearest recognition of the imperative necessity for the temporary abandonment of our traditional national policy could lead such statesmen as Mr. ASQUITH, Mr. BALFOUR, Mr. LLOYD GEORGE, not to mention many other members of the Cabinet, to recommend the nation to resort to the principle of compulsory military service. Apart from the sentimental objection to the adoption of the principle of compulsion, all the reasons Sir JOHN SIMON advanced against the Bill seem to be fully met by Mr. ASQUITH's outline of its provisions. Sir JOHN SIMON disagrees with the view that the number of single men who have not attested is "far from being a negligible quantity." He says in fact that they are a negligible quantity when the large classes who ought not to be reckoned in the total are deducted from it. A cable told us a few days ago that the number of single men who had failed to offer themselves under Lord DENNY's scheme was 1,029,231, of whom 378,071 are classed as being indispensable to other national activities, leaving 651,160 single men who have not volunteered. It would seem from this that the Government has had careful investigations made as to who ought and who ought not to be left out of the reckoning, and the net result is that 650,000 single men are shown to have failed in their duty to attest, without being able to plead that they are engaged in indispensable national services. Lord KITCHENER, no doubt, correctly explained these figures to a great extent when he remarked that there are a certain number of men "with poor ideas of the duties of a citizen," and that, while there are some shirkers, "there are also undoubtedly others not joining for valid reasons and would only be too happy if the Government should decide their doubts." It is common knowledge that this is so in hundreds of cases. Mr. ASQUITH told the House of Commons that the grounds of exemption had been carefully devised to meet all possible hardships and service. Thus it amounts to this, that conscription is proposed for single men who have no ground for exemption, and that class of citizen, we think it will be generally agreed, is entitled to no further consideration in the existing circumstances.

MEMO. FOR TO-MORROW.
10.30 a.m.—Auction of Chinese Porcelain at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

General Memoranda.

SUNDAY, Jan. 9:—
9 a.m.—Excursion to Macao by s.s. "Tahiti".
Semi-final of Golf Championship at Fairlie.
TUESDAY, Jan. 11:—
2.30 p.m.—Auction of Blackwood ware Furniture, Brasses, etc., at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.
SATURDAY, Jan. 22:—
Entries close for the Race.
MONDAY, Jan. 31:—
2.15 p.m.—Piano Recital by Mr. Danman Fuller, F.R.C.O., L.R.A.M., in the City Hall.

THE CHINA MAIL OVERLAND EDITION.

THE BEST WEEKLY NEWS-PAPER FOR ALL INTERESTED IN HONGKONG AND CHINA GENERALLY.

ORDER IT BEFORE GOING HOME, AND THUS KEEP IN CLOSE TOUCH WITH THE COLONY.

VISITING CARDS

PRINTED AT
"China Mail" Office.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The Rev. E. W. L. Martin will take service in the British Church at Macao on Saturday.

The Bishop of Victoria will preach at Christ Church, Shennan, Canton, on Sunday next.

The theft of two pair of binoculars, valued at \$40, from the examination launch "Cave Fat," while anchored near Hoi's Wharf, has been reported.

It will be seen from the final list of subscriptions to the Prince of Wales Fund published in another column that a total of £31,447 4s. 3d. has been remitted to London from Hongkong.

The last of the series of meetings in connection with the Week of Prayer is being held to-morrow (Saturday) at 12.30 in the City Hall when the Rev. N. C. Pope will be the chairman and speaker. It is announced that the fortnightly united meetings for Intercession at St. Paul's College will be continued, the next being on January 18th at 6 p.m.

ATTACK ON A CHINESE CUSTOMS STATION.

A "REVOLUTIONARY" GANG.

The Chinese Customs Station at Yuen, about five miles from Shataukok, was the scene of an extraordinary attack by a band of alleged revolutionaries yesterday afternoon, the station being raided, two Europeans robbed of their belongings, and one Chinese mortally wounded.

The attack on the station, which is a large and important one, was carried out by an armed band of about 100 men, and was apparently planned for the night, as the station was closed at that time. The band, which was armed with rifles, shot and killed a Chinese customs officer, and wounded another. The band then looted the station and fled. The Chinese Customs Station at Yuen is a small building, and the attack was a serious one. The band was armed with rifles, and the attack was carried out at night. The band looted the station and fled. The Chinese Customs Station at Yuen is a small building, and the attack was a serious one. The band was armed with rifles, and the attack was carried out at night. The band looted the station and fled.

The Chinese "brave" (Customs official) who was wounded in the attack was put on the Customs launch and arrived at Shataukok about 8.15 last night. From there he was put on the train for Kowloon but expired at 6.0 this morning. All the arms and ammunition in the station were taken, and the furniture knocked to pieces. Proclamations were posted by the revolutionaries. A telephone message from Chinese about the affair was received at Kowloon at 3.0 yesterday afternoon, while at 5.30 Messrs. Doll and Stangard reached the Shataukok police station in British territory. A considerable body of police, under the direction of the Captain Superintendent of Police (Mr. Messer), the Assistant Superintendent (Mr. King), and Inspector Gordon, was at once sent up to Shataukok, but the raiders made no attempt to cross the frontier. The Customs launch was sent up this morning.

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ALLEGED WRONGFUL DISMISSAL.

A case was adjourned for a fortnight this morning, in which Hubert James Petrol claims \$1,000 from the Asiatic Petroleum Company for wrongful dismissal. Mr. Dixon, of Messrs. Wilkinson & Grist, appeared for plaintiff, and Mr. A. M. Preston, of Messrs. Johnson, Stokes and Master, for the defendant Company.

The Police Judge observed that the claim was for \$2,350, which he thought was curious.

Mr. Dixon: It has been reduced to \$1,000 to bring it within the Summary Court jurisdiction.

Findings were granted both sides.

AFTERNOON SHARE QUOTATIONS.

Messrs. Vernon and Smyth report the following alterations in prices of local stocks this afternoon.

Douglas \$114 buyers.
Indo China \$174 buyers.
Preferred \$53 buyers.
Deferred \$121 buyers.
Cements \$10.30 buyers.

N.Y.K. STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Nippon Yusen Kaisha intimate that they have received a cablegram from their Head Office advising movements of their steamers on the European Line as follows: "Kamo Maru" (Westbound) left Colombo on Friday (Dec. 30th). "Katori Maru" (Westbound) left Sase on Tuesday (Jan. 4th). "Miyazaki Maru" (Eastbound) left Sase on Sunday (2nd Jan). All are proceeding via the Cape.

THE MAGISTRACY.

ALLEGED THEFT OF ANTIMONY ORE.

A theft of 4,000 lbs. of antimony ore, value \$750, the property of the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, the ore being concealed under the boarding of a junk after it had been taken from the lighter, was mentioned in Mr. Hazeland's court this morning. Mr. Davidson appeared to prosecute for the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, one Chinese being charged. The case was remanded.

AN OPIUM CASE TO BE RETRIED.

Mr. Hazeland this morning granted a re-hearing of the case in which a Chinese was convicted for possessing 52 lbs. of opium. Mr. L. D'Almada explained that defendant had instructed him before the hearing, but he had unfortunately missed the Kowloon ferry. His Worship said that the evidence was rather incriminating but Mr. D'Almada said he had a complete defence.

ANOTHER OPIUM CASE.

Charged with attempting to export 109 lbs. of prepared opium a Chinese was fined \$500 with the alternative of two months' imprisonment by Mr. Hazeland this morning. Mr. F. T. Parry, Customs Examiner at Kowloon station, said defendant was a passenger to Cheung Mak Ton in Chinese territory, and was found with the opium concealed in 20 small tin about his waist. He offered the searcher the opium and a bribe of \$1.85.

OPIUM RUNNING BY EUROPEAN.

A LIGHT SENTENCE.
When judgment came to be given against Sam Newhouse this morning for importing opium into the Colony, the Captain Superintendent of Police handed to the Magistrate a statement the defendant had made to him.

Mr. Hazeland, finding defendant \$1,000 or three months' imprisonment, remarked that the scheme of getting opium into China via Japan, a scheme which gave easier facilities, was an old one. Of course it was a gamble for those men who knew exactly what was going to happen if the gamble was a failure, in which case they would be liable to a big fine. It was a sordid matter.

The charge was of importing 239 lbs. of opium on the "Sue Maru".

PROSECUTIONS UNDER THE POISONS ORDINANCE.

Mr. Shenton appeared to defend in four summonses this morning in which Chinese were charged with committing offences under the Poisons Ordinance. He said he would like to take certain technical points more or less as a trial case. He understood that the same matter, in connection with the preparation called "Yohimbin," had been before his Worship previously but he did not know how far it had been thrashed out by his Worship. There had been certain cases at home taken by the British pharmacopoeia. Their whole attitude depended upon what Dr. McKinnon would say. It was purely a question of fact.

In answer to Mr. Hazeland, Mr. Shenton said he had not read his judgment in the previous case.

The hearing was adjourned sine die.

ALLEGED UNREGISTERED CHINESE CLUB.

Six Chinese were charged before Mr. H. Hazeland yesterday with carrying on a club, not being registered, at 24 Connaught Road West.

Mr. G. N. Orme, of the Crown Solicitor's Office, prosecuted, defendants being represented by Mr. J. H. Gardner, Mr. Ott, Kong Sing, and Mr. A. M. Preston.

Mr. Orme said he proposed to prove by documents he would put in that the premises were being kept as a club affiliated to or connected with the Chiu Po Tung and Kong Wo Tang societies in China. The fact of defendants belonging to the club would bring them within the provisions of Ordinance 47. He was not suggesting anything against the aims of the society, which seemed to be of a benevolent character.

Mr. Orme then put in the documents. The case was adjourned.

GARMENTS FOR THE TROOPS.

This week the following garments have been sent home to Mrs. Edson, Jackman's Work Society, 94 Marlborough Mansions, West Hampstead, N.W., from the Women of Hongkong and Macao (including "Our Little Bit Workers' Society," Kowloon), for distribution amongst the soldiers and sailors:

Seventeen mufflers, 30 pairs mittens, 20 helmets, 6 pairs knee-caps, 12 pairs waistcoats, 12 pairs socks, and 2 pairs long stockings.

Three parcels of women's and children's clothes to Mrs. Le Fry, Vice-President S.S.F.A. Hoxton Branch, The Maurice Hotel, Britannia Street, Hoxton, N. A. bundle of coats, skirts, blouses, underclothing, etc., was sent to Miss Vivian, Marlow Hotel, 12, Herbert Street, Hoxton, E., through the courtesy of Messrs. Shawan, Tones & Co.

GROUP.

EVERY young child is susceptible to diphtheria. Don't wait until this dreadful disease attacks your little one before you prepare for it. It comes in the night when children's sleep is usually closed, and this alone should be a warning. Get and keep Chamberlain's Cough Remedy on hand. It never fails, acts quickly and is absolutely harmless. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

THE BANKRUPT BANK.

APPLICATION FOR ANNULMENT OF PETITION.

The Chief Justice Sir Wm. Rice Davies, sitting in the Supreme Court resumed the hearing to-day, of the motion by Mui Fun Chi to annul the bankruptcy petition in respect of the Cheong On Bank.

Mr. Eldon Potter (instructed by Mr. Shenton, of Messrs. Dawson, Looker, Deacon and Hart's office) appeared on behalf of Mui Fun Chi, the applicant. Mr. G. A. Alabaster (instructed by Mr. F. B. L. Bowley) appeared for the Official Receiver, Mr. Carmichael who opposed the motion; and Mr. G. E. B. Davis, of Messrs. Wilkinson, Grist and Grist, and Mr. Leo D'Almada, represented creditor creditors.

Mr. Alabaster referred to the affidavit of Hui Shing, an employee of the Bank. Counsel said that yesterday his Lordship suggested that Hui Shing should be called in respect of a statement regarding his position in the firm. Apparently, said Counsel, Hui Shing was the only person who was not available to be called for cross examination.

Mr. Potter, interestingly said the man would be sent for. He was at present in Kowloon and it would take some little time to communicate with him. Apparently, Mr. Alabaster was suggesting he had done so. Counsel added there was no legal right to cross-examine him but he would not stand on that, as he was quite anxious that Hui Shing should be called.

The Chief Justice pointed out to Mr. Alabaster that it was important that he should establish that Hui Shing had the control or management of the business. In his affidavit he said he had not such control.

Mr. Alabaster thought that point should be adjourned, and proceeded to deal with other aspects of the case. He quoted a letter written on behalf of the Bank, which concluded with an enquiry after the health of the respondent. A choice specimen of recent courtesy to a dunning letter, observed Counsel.

At the midway interval his Lordship adjourned the hearing until Monday morning.

HONGKONG VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Corps Orders by Lieut-Col. A. Chapman, V.D.

Pls. T. B. Johnston is granted leave of absence from 9.1.16 to 9.1.16.

Pls. C. M. Alport's leave of absence is extended for the duration of the war.

Parades for Saturday, 8th instant:—
7.30 a.m. Members of Signalling Section and other Signallers, as detailed in Signalling Section order dated 8.12.15. Morse flag and Heligraph practice at Headquarters.

2.30 p.m.—Musketry at King's Park Range, as detailed in Corps Order No. 3 dated 3.1.16 and 3.1.16. The N.C.O. of Signalling Section will detail men to attend for telephone duty.

San Club Hill, Kowloon, On duty until to-morrow morning H. K. V. R.

On duty to-morrow morning 15th inst. No. 2 Section Army, Battery.

Officer on duty, Capt. W. M. Scott. F. of W. Camp, Kowloon.

On duty to-night H. K. V. R.

On duty to-morrow night Scouts Company.

Officer on duty, Capt. Stewart.

On duty 9th inst. Scouts Company.

Officer on duty, Lieut. Murphy.

Orderly Sergeant from 8th to 10th inst. Sergt. Hony.

H. K. V. C. HOCKEY TEAM.

Members of the Corps willing to play requested to attend a meeting at Headquarters at 6.30 p.m. to day.

HONGKONG POLICE RESERVE.

AMBULANCE COMPANY.

The Surgeon-Inspector reports that an examination in First Aid will be held at the Tung Wah Hospital on Tuesday next, January 11th, at 5.30 p.m. Candidates will attend in uniform.

PARADES—5.30 P.M.

Uniform, Caps with Covers, Rifles and Ammunition.

Monday January 10th—No. 2 Company, Tuesday January 11th—All recruits.

Wednesday January 12th—No. 1 Company.

Thursday January 13th—No. 3 Company.

Friday January 14th—No. 4 Company, and all recruits.

COLLAR NUMBERS AND BELT.

All Companies are required to attend the above Parades in full strength. Members of Nos. 1 and 2 Companies, other than Inspectors, will have Collar numbers issued to them on these parades, after which they must be referred to in all reports, duty lists, muster rolls, etc., by their numbers as well as names.

On the same parades men who have not yet had helmets issued to them will be measured for same.

THE REVOLT IN YUNNAN.

THE REBELS' MANIFESTO.

THEIR CASE AGAINST YUAN SHIH-KAI.

A lengthy manifesto, bearing the signatures of Tang Ch'iao and Jen Kuei-chang, Chiang-shan and Governor of Yunnan respectively, and Liu Hsien-shih, Military Commissioner of Kweichow, has been issued. The gist of its contents is as follows:—

Owing to misgovernment in the latter part of the Manchu Dynasty, the life of our nation was seriously threatened. Our people, encountering difficulties in their struggle for existence and lamenting the imminent approach of the date of their extinction, rose in a body and established the Republic. For the sake of unity, Yuan was elected President. During the first two years of the Republic, patriotic persons did not grudge making every sacrifice in assisting Yuan to establish the stability of government.

They did so not with the selfish motive of serving the interest of one person, but in the hope that the tottering nation might be saved from collapse.

The Manifesto then emphatically points out what it describes as the utter disregard by Yuan of the welfare of the nation during the four years he has ruled, for not a single bright spot is to be found in the policy he has pursued since he accepted the trust of the people. On the contrary, it says, he has done everything in his power for the aggrandisement of himself and his family.

Using unscrupulous means and playing treacherous and cowardly tricks in crushing the Parliament, eradicating those opposing him, gagging and confounding public opinion, employing gangs of satellites and sycophants and banishing men of honour. Since he assumed office, new foreign loans exceeding 200 millions have been obtained and spent on accounts none of which can stand public scrutiny.

Since the outbreak of the European war, when the source of foreign loans was cut off, he has been energetically engaged in "raising the wind" within the country by means fair and foul. Tyrannical taxes have been introduced, home loans forcibly thrust upon the people, and extortions of money made under every conceivable pretext. He has offered exemplary rewards for the encouragement of able officials in the art of amassing funds. He has thus exhausted the fat in the pond, and poverty stricken people in the time everywhere, but no progress is possible.

The money thus ill-gotten has all been devoted to buying the hearts of his officials and followers and to precautionary measures against opponents at home. It is spent without the least regard to the interest of the State. Neither has any plan of defence against foreign aggression, nor has any preparation to offset the International economic competition ever been made.

FURTHER COUNTS.

Yuan is then blamed for having courted the contempt of friendly Powers by the display of his small cunning and despicable stratagem. His faults are then detailed: his disregard of the country's welfare, his indifference to the suffering of the people, his inability to suppress brigands and thieves, his failure in clearing the prisons of wrongly accused persons, his endeavour to curtail educational development schemes and to foster ancient customs, his monopolizing industrial pursuits and public rights, his efforts at fooling the masses by forbidding the publication of certain books and by advocating the adoption of Confucianism alone as the State religion, his numerous but chaotic and contradictory orders issued in the morning and changed in the evening, the law he has made is, contravened by himself, until the people no longer know what to obey, have lost all respect for it, etc.

Those who flatter and conduct themselves on the lines of concubines are at once exalted in position. Those who are honest and high-minded may lose their lives.

Then the manifesto draws a most gloomy picture of the future fate of the country which has been preserved not without difficulty and sacrifice and which should be saved from this dreadful fate by every effort. As that fool (meaning Yuan) is not paying attention to anything else but is greedily coveting the throne and the title of Emperor for his own felicitation, violating his oath and contravening the Provisional Constitution, hoodwinking his people and cheating foreign countries, giving a hint to his eagles and hounds and distributing his claws and teeth throughout the country, for the purpose of coercing our citizens to support him, and as he is deaf to all good and loyal remonstrances and prayers and true public opinion, agriculturalists, merchants, scholars, travellers and others are all alarmed to such an extent that they suspend their respective avocations in expectation of the awful catastrophe.

Many excellent men have retired from court and robbers and enemies are bent upon creating trouble.

The Powers have given warning again and again, until they declare that they will strictly watch developments and prepare to take independent action at the proper time. In the internal administration of the country, it has come to such a pass that friendly Powers have found it incumbent to have their say. This is a most extraordinary humiliation and the greatest shame. Who can endure it?

Who has caused this? To think that we should be reduced to such a deplorable state!

The latter part of the Manifesto contains quotations from history to show that territory may be ceded and the chief ruler may be so deposed as to call him-

self "the son of the conquering emperor," or that the blunder of the "Boxer Episode" may be repeated, simply because the autocrat is absorbed in self-aggrandizement and is oblivious to everything else at the time.

Yuan is then declared to be the traitor of the Republic and his tricks and machinations are considered to be proved to the hilt. Yunnan has decided to raise the standard of the patriotic army against the traitor, and the troops have taken oath to achieve success on the following four matters:—

(1.) To protect and preserve the Republican Form of State with the united effort of the citizens of the whole nation, and to make a revival of the monarchical system forever impossible.

(2.) To define clearly the authority between the Central Government and the provinces with the object of developing the freedom of the people in the provinces.

(3.) To establish a constitutional government both in spirit and letter so as to conform to the general tendency of the world.

(4.) To consolidate friendly relations with foreign Powers with the utmost sincerity in order to perfect our qualifications as a member of the "Family of Nations."

The success or failure of this step is left in the hands of the Almighty. "N. C. Daily News" translation.

SPORTING.

CRICKET.

HONGKONG "B" v. Civil Service C.C. The following will represent Hongkong "B" on the Civil Service Ground to-morrow, January 8th at 2.15 p.m.—T. E. Pearce (Capt.), G. E. Aubrey, F. H. Baker, P. R. Butler, R. Kennedy, Lieut. Col. Moran, H. E. Muriel, E. B. Reed, H. H. T. Tyler, R. P. Thurnell A. Whitmarsh.

At a meeting of the Hongkong Football Association held last evening, the Hon. Secretary reported that Corp. Coxon, who captained the R.E. team against the Navy on December 18th, had been suspended by the Referee's Board for a fortnight. The Board found that Coxon, adopted a defiant attitude towards the referee and used impulsive language, and that he failed in his duty as Captain of a team to assist the referee; further, that he persisted in remaining on the field after having been ordered off. For this reason the referee abandoned the game with the Navy leading by two goals to nil. The Board also recommended that the result of the match stand good.

The Hon. Secretary added the Board felt reluctant to prevent a man who was serving his country in wartime from his principal means of recreation for any very long period.

The sum of \$84.83 collected on Boxing Day and New Year's Day had been handed to the Tobacco Fund.

H. K. V. C. HOCKEY TEAM.

The H.K.V.C. team will play in the following matches:—
Thursday, January 13th, Volunteers v 8th R.G.A.

Tuesday, January 18th, 83rd R.G.A. v Volunteers.

Wednesday, January 26th, Volunteers v Shropshire.

Monday, January 31st, Navy v Volunteers.

Thursday, February 3rd, Shropshire v Volunteers.

Friday, February 11th, Volunteers v 83rd R.G.A.

Thursday, February 17th, 88th R.G.A. v Volunteers.

Monday, February 21st, Volunteers v Navy.

Thursday, February 24th, 87th R.G.A. v Volunteers.

Monday, March 6th, Volunteers v 88th R.G.A.

Tuesday, March 14th, Volunteers v Royal Engineers.

Wednesday, March 22nd, Royal Engineers v Volunteers.

First named team in each case is the home team. Home team to play in white.

SCOTTISH SPORT.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

EDINBURGH, December 1.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

Nothing sensational occurred in the Scottish League. Except that Falkirk, failed to take the points from Clyde after having a 2 goal lead, and Motherwell squandered a point and drew with Aberdeen, the results were pretty much as expected. Celtic were almost an hour before they scored against Raith Rovers; but after that they had it as they liked. Rangers' forwards were too good for Hibernian, who, however, made a creditable appearance in the first half. Hearts, of course, had no difficulty with Dunfermline. St. Mirren have now a reputation as non-scorers; they lost to Aldershot in the last half hour. Dundee were defeated from Hamilton Academical. Queen's Park made a poor show at Kilmarnock; and Thistle should not have lost to Greenock Morton at home. It was a colourless affair between Ay United and Partick Thistle, honours being easy.

SCOTTISH LEAGUE.

Hearts, 3; Dunfermline, 1.
Rangers, 4; Hibernian, 2.
Motherwell, 2; Aberdeen, 2.
Celtic, 2; Raith Rovers, 0.
Aldershot, 4; St. Mirren, 2.
Dundee, 3; Falkirk, 2.
Dundee, 3; Hamilton Academical, 1.
Kilmarnock, 4; Queen's Park, 0.
Ay United, 0; Partick Thistle, 0.

QUICK THAT COUGH.

WHEN you have a troublesome cough it does not mean that you have consumption or that you are going to have it, but it does mean that your lungs are threatened, and it is just as well to be on the safe side and take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy before it is too late. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

THE WAR.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

DARDANELLES CAMPAIGN.

SIR IAN HAMILTON'S FINAL DESPATCH.

LONDON, Jan. 6.

General Sir Ian Hamilton's final despatch covers thirty-eight pages.

It describes minutely the operations prior to and including the combined action in the first fortnight of August, concluding with a striking passage showing that the supply of munitions and drafts was declining and that sickness was taking a heavy toll. Nevertheless all ranks were cheerful and confident that so long as they stuck to their guns the country would stick to them and see them victoriously through the last and greatest of crusades.

EVACUATION - UNTHINKABLE.

When Lord Kitchener on October 31th called for an estimate of the losses that would be involved in the evacuation of the Peninsula, Sir Ian Hamilton replied that such a step was unthinkable. On October 16th he received a cable recalling him to London—the Government desired the fresh and unbiased opinion of a responsible commander upon the question of an early evacuation.

THE AUGUST BATTLES.

The main feature of the despatch is the stirring description of the tremendous and hard-fought August battles of which have already been minutely reported. The surprise of the Turks at Suvla was complete, but owing to the intense heat and exhaustion of the troops through continuous engagements in the most difficult country and perpetual water difficulties, Lieut-General Sir F. Stopford and the Divisional General waited to rest the troops.

THE FATAL ERROR.

General Sir Ian Hamilton says: "Driving power was required and even a certain ruthlessness to brush aside plans for respite for tired troops. The one fatal error was inertia, and inertia prevailed." Meanwhile the Turks were enabled to concentrate heavy reinforcements during that priceless twelve hours, and eventually Sir Ian Hamilton himself, who had previously remained at Headquarters, went to Suvla, to endeavour to put concentration of effort and purpose into the direction of the men ashore.

A GENERAL SUPERSEDED.

Fighting on the following days was severe and continuous. Several successes were achieved and positions won. The fighting quality of the men could not be surpassed but the strength of the Turks was steadily rising and the troops had to withdraw from captured positions. General Stopford on the evening of August 15th, handed over command to Major-General De Lisle, because strong, clear leadership had not been promptly enough applied.

NO REINFORCEMENTS—A GREAT DISAPPOINTMENT.

The British forces were dwindling while the Turks had plenty of ammunition and drafts to fill their depleted ranks. Sir Ian Hamilton thereupon cabled for 50,000 fresh troops. If these were sent immediately they could still clear a passage for the fleet to Constantinople. His disappointment was deep when he learned that reinforcements could not be sent.

BRITISH HONOURS FOR RUSSIAN NAVAL MEN.

PETROGRAD, Jan. 6.

H.M. King George has awarded eleven Orders and thirteen Medals to seamen of the Russian Black Sea Fleet for meritorious service.

TURKISH SAILING SHIPS CAPTURED.

PETROGRAD, Jan. 8.

In the Black Sea on the 3rd inst. a Russian torpedo-boat destroyer captured eleven Turkish sailing ships and took 40 members of the crew prisoners.

COMPULSION BILL PASSED.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

London, Jan. 7.

The House of Commons has approved the first reading of the Compulsory Military Service Bill by a majority of 295.

LABOUR CONGRESS AND CONSCRIPTION.

LONDON, Jan. 6.

The great Labour Congress met at the Central Hall, Westminster, to consider the attitude of Labour towards the Compulsory Military Service Bill.

Every section of Labour was represented except the miners, who are holding a separate conference.

A resolution was submitted expressing the opposition of the workers to conscription, rejoicing in the magnificent success of the voluntary principle but affirming that the results of Lord Derby's campaign were insufficiently ascertained to warrant Parliament passing a momentous Compulsion proposal; nevertheless members might vote as they individually thought fit.

Mr. Hooge, M.P., said the resolution represented the views of moderate men and left freedom of opinion to the Labour Members of the House of Commons. He emphasised that if the Bill were rejected it would mean an election which was the worst possible thing that could happen for Labourists as the issue would then be Compulsion pure and simple.

Several delegates, including the Railway workers representative Mr. Thomas, while denouncing conscription declared that a General Election as a result of the non-passing of the Conscription Bill would be a crime against the men in the trenches.

THE RUSSIAN OFFENSIVE.

RUSSIANS PROGRESSING.

Paris, Jan. 6.

A Petrograd telegram says that the operations are developing successfully for the Russians, against the enemy's strong defences in Bukovina, whether part of the Armies of General von Gallwitz and General von Werde have been sent from Serbia. Nevertheless the Russians are progressing.

DISSENSIONS IN GREECE.

CHIEF OF STAFF THREATENS TO RESIGN.

LONDON, Jan. 6.

A Milan telegram says it is reported at Athens that serious dissensions have arisen between the Greek Minister of War, M. Yanakitsas, and the Chief of the General Staff, General Dusanis, who threatens to resign.

The War Minister wishes to demobilise 15 per cent. of the troops in view of serious mutinies at Kavalla. General Dusanis opposes this and has annulled the War Minister's order for furlough for the oldest class.

FRENCH MONEY FOR GREECE.

ATHENS, Jan. 6.

The French Government has informed Greece that it holds at the latter's disposal 10,000,000 francs as an advance from a loan which is now under negotiation.

ITALY AND ALBANIA.

A COMMUNICATION TO GREECE.

ATHENS, Jan. 7.

It is learnt from official sources that Italy has formally informed Greece that her troops which have been landed in Albania will not, in any circumstances, cross the frontier of Northern Epirus.

THE "BARALONG" INCIDENT.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.

The Government is adhering to its policy of not intervening in the controversies of the belligerents, and will not permit American Naval Officers to investigate the Baralong incident under Sir Edward Grey's suggestion.

LORD MONTAGU.

MALTA, Jan. 7.

Lord Montagu of Beaulieu (one of the survivors of the Persia tragedy) is still in bed, but is progressing favourably.

CHINESE TELEGRAMS.

(Wah Tse Yat Po's Service.)

THE YUNNAN DISTURBANCES.

PEKING, Jan. 6.

A Mandate orders General Tsao Kwan to occupy strategic points around Yunnan.

GRANT TO KWANGSI FOR MILITARY PURPOSES.

PEKING, Jan. 6.

A million dollars has been allowed to the Government of Kwangsi for military expenses entailed by measures to be taken against Yunnan Province.

THE ENTRENCHMENT.

PEKING, Jan. 7.

The first day of the first month (February 3rd) is the day chosen for the entrenchment of the Emperor.

The Government has ordered that all communications to foreigners should be dated as being in the year of the Republic while in communications addressed to Chinese the word *Hongchun* should be used temporarily, and not "year of the monarchy."

THE BANK OF CHINA.

PEKING, Jan. 7.

The Bank of China has made a profit for the year amounting to \$800,000.

THE CHINESE MINISTER TO FRANCE.

PEKING, Jan. 7.

Vo Wai Tuck, the Minister to France, has requested permission to return to China to explain important matters.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

THE "PERSIA" OUTRAGE.

MORE NARRATIVES BY SURVIVORS.

MALTA, Jan. 5.

Survivors of the Persia relate terrible experiences. After the torpedoing the Persia shivered and took a heavy list. Many of the boats were unable to get away, and there was no time for panic.

The boat containing Lord Montagu of Beaulieu also contained two other passengers and eight of the crew, of which number seven were lascars. They were absolutely lacking in everything, even without food and water. The boat was utterly exhausted when picked up.

Lord Montagu is staying with the Governor. Lord Montagu, in an interview at Malta, said that three boats were smashed whilst being lowered, and many people were thrown into the sea. The Persia sank stern first. There were many severe explosions when the water was reached, and also fires on the deck. When he came to the surface he found himself surrounded by people struggling for life. He also saw three boats bottom upwards. Each person struggled to catch floating wreckage. After being in the water for several hours, during which time many died, he was rescued by the Holt liner *Vingdon*. The Lascars, he says, acted very well.

DELICATE POSITION OF GREEK GOVERNMENT.

SEQUEL TO ARREST OF CONSULS.

ATHENS, Jan. 6.

The position of the Government is a delicate one, as Germany holds Greece responsible for the arrests of the Consuls at Salonika.

KING PETER AND GREEK HOSPITALITY.

ATHENS, Jan. 6.

King Peter has telegraphed to King Constantine his high satisfaction at the hospitality of "a friendly allied nation."

COMPULSORY SERVICE.

MR. ASQUITH INTRODUCES BILL.

NO CASE FOR GENERAL CONSCRIPTION.

LONDON, Jan. 6.

The House of Commons was crowded for the debate on conscription. Many members on active service obtained leave to be present and were there in khaki. Lord Derby was among those in the Peers' gallery.

Mr. Asquith, introducing the Military Service Bill, said that the measure was the result of the deliberations on Lord Derby's report, the figures of which were wonderfully encouraging and ought to convince both the Allies and the enemy that the people of Great Britain had their hearts in the war.

Speaking for himself, Mr. Asquith said he was of the opinion that no case had been made out for general conscription. The Bill could be supported by those who, on grounds of principle or expediency, were opposed to conscription. His pledge was given because of the overwhelming evidence that the married men, who were willing to serve, were holding back in large numbers. If the assurance had not been given the whole recruiting campaign was in danger of breaking down. He emphasised that after his pledge was given he received no sign of protest or remonstrance.

Mr. Asquith considered that the number of unmarried single men was a substantial and even a considerable amount, and said that Sir John Simon thought the figures might be reduced to an infinitesimal quantity. But he did not agree with Sir John Simon.

The Bill would be confined to the area in which the Derby scheme applied. The Bill provided that the unmarrieds and widowers without children, from 18 to 41, who had no ground for exemption, should be deemed to have done their duty to the State as if attested.

The Act would come into force fourteen days after the Royal Assent, and the appointed date would be twenty-one days after the assent. Enlistment was for the period of the war from the appointed date. Territorial enlistment for home service came under the Bill, the exemptions including men working in the national interest, men with dependents, and also men with conscientious objections to combatant service.

(Laughter.) Mr. Asquith pointed out that a similar exemption was made by Pitt in favour of the Quakers. The proposal was also modelled on South African and New Zealand legislation, but exemption would only apply to combatant duties.

The grounds of exemption had been carefully devised to meet all possible hardships, and a Service Tribunal would hear applications for exemption, with an appeal to a final London Tribunal. The Bill did not apply to Ireland. He would have been glad, personally, to have done without the Bill, but he considered it was necessary, and was sanguine enough to anticipate that it would meet with general approval.

The group system was re-opened to allow these men to attest. Mr. Asquith's tone was most conciliatory. He concluded by expressing the hope that conscription would become a dead letter. "Let men come in now of their own free will." The military authorities would reopen the groups for that purpose.

Sir John Simon followed Mr. Asquith. He said he thought the Bill should be resisted. No one could say how many youths could be spared or how many were shirking. He expressed regret at his severance from Mr. Asquith but said that he regarded voluntarism as a vital principle in national life, and added that there were some Ministers still on the Treasury Bench whose opinions on the subject were indistinguishable from his own.

He contended that among single men, there were large classes, such as sailors in the Mercantile Marine, who ought not to be reckoned. Consequently, no one could be so bold as to declare that more than a negligible number was left.

Mr. Bonar Law, replying to the criticisms of Mr. Asquith's pledge, said that without it the Derby scheme would have been an absolute failure. The Government had deliberated long and arrived at the conclusion that the Bill was necessary to win the war and a responsibility as great as the Government's rested on every member attempting to thwart its efforts.

Brigadier-General Seely was cheered when he urged "all to support the Government and thus give a message to our brave Allies that we were determined, with them, to suffer all in order to win a righteous victory."

Mr. Benson greatly regretted that his party could not support the Bill. Because Ireland regarded this as her war, she would make every sacrifice to win, but the Bill was unnecessary, and he believed we had more men than we could train and equip. He concluded by remarking that he would support Sir John Simon in any action he might take.

Mr. Hookey said the attitude of Labour would largely depend on to-morrow's Labour conference. He was grateful to the Premier for giving another day for debate and asked the Government for an assurance that the Bill would not be the preliminary to a permanent measure. Also, if Mr. McKenna and Mr. Runciman were behind the Bill.

LORD KITCHENER'S VIEWS.

In the House of Lords, Lord Kitchener, in a brief speech, affirmed that the voluntary system had given results far greater than could have been predicted. Recently, however, voluntary recruits

had failed to provide the necessary trained Reserves, and now the pledge given to the married men must be redeemed. He had hoped that the war might have been finished with voluntarism, which had done so well.

Lord Kitchener concluded by remarking that he did not consider the present change would be any derogation of the principle of voluntarism. It only affected one class of men, among whom were a certain number with a poor idea of the duties of a citizen. But while some were shirkers there were undoubtedly others not shirking who had valid reasons, and the latter would be only too happy if the Government should decide their doubts. He was speaking as a soldier with a single eye to the successful conduct of the war.

NEWSPAPER COMMENTS.

The morning papers generally admit that Mr. Asquith has made out a case for the conscription of single men.

The *Times* says that the Bill fulfils the pledge given and nothing more. The *Daily Mail* expresses the view that the speech has satisfied unprejudiced critics.

The *Daily Chronicle* remarks that if conscription is introduced it could hardly be introduced in a more unobjectionable manner.

These represent the spirit of the comments of the other papers, with the exception of the *Daily News*, which thinks that a general election in a few weeks is probable.

TRADE UNION SUPPORT.

The Boilermakers' Society have decided to support the Government's Military Service proposals. It is understood that other Trade Unions are prepared to adopt the same course under certain safeguards.

DESPERATE FIGHTING ON RUSSIAN FRONT.

HEAVY ENEMY LOSSES.

PETROGRAD, Jan. 6. Desperate fighting continues north-east of Czernowitz. The Russians are steadily advancing. All the enemy counter-attacks were repulsed with the heaviest losses.

A Russian regiment captured 1,000 men and four machine-guns.

GERMAN ATTACK AT TAHURE REPULSED.

Paris, Jan. 5.

A communiqué states that the Germans, after a violent bombardment, attacked in the Tahure region, but were completely repulsed.

JAVA TEA TRADE AND THE WAR.

LONDON, Jan. 6.

The importers of Java tea have been asked to create a Tea Commission, with headquarters at Amsterdam, to co-operate with the Dutch Overseas Trust, and to draw up a list of bona fide buyers to whom tea will be exclusively sold. The Overseas Trust will be authorised to inspect the tea warehouses, shops and books.

M.M. LINER CHASED BY SUBMARINE.

MARSEILLES, Jan. 6.

The Messageries Maritimes liner *Karnak* was returning with the survivors of the sunken steamer *Abelia* when she was chased for several hours by a submarine in the Mediterranean. The *Karnak* zigzagged and escaped.

ENGAGEMENT WITH GERMAN ARMED STEAMER.

LONDON, Jan. 6.

It is officially announced that a naval expedition to Tanganyika attacked the German armed steamer *Kingona* and forced her to surrender after a ten-minute action. All the German officers were killed. The steamer, though in a sinking condition, was brought to port.

ENEMY SHELLS KUT-EL-AMARA.

LONDON, Jan. 6.

General Townshend reports that Kut-el-Amara was heavily shelled for an hour on Sunday since when it has been quiet.

REPORT FROM SIR DOUGLAS HAIG.

ARTILLERY AND AERIAL ACTIVITY.

LONDON, Jan. 5.

General Sir Douglas Haig reports that on the southern portion of the front artillery has been more active than usual. Early in the morning, an attack on one of our advanced posts near Maricourt was driven off by rifle fire. A number of our aeroplanes made a successful bomb raid on the aerodrome at Douai. A German aeroplane dropped a few bombs on Boulogne, but did no damage.

AUSTRIAN AEROPLANES ACTIVE.

ARTILLERY DUELS.

ROME, Jan. 6.

A communiqué states that two Austrian aeroplanes attempted to fly over Verona but were driven off by anti-aircraft guns, and forced to retire towards the north. There have been artillery duels at Monte Croce and Carnia, to the advantage of the Italians. The enemy attacked on Monte Ranzella, but was repulsed with heavy losses.

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The mild and soothing influence which this preparation has, places it among the most valuable of its kind, in cases of Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, Shortness of Breathing or Difficulty of Expectoration; and while it removes the accumulation of phlegm, from its Tonic and Astringent virtues it prevents its formation, and allays irritation of the membranes of the throat and chest, rendering these delicate parts susceptible of future irritation and disease.

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First Class \$1 " \$1.50 " (Saloon) for Chinese.

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POST OFFICE NOTICES

Correspondence addressed to enemy subjects in China, Siam, Persia and Morocco cannot be transmitted.

The Services to Germany, Austria, Bulgaria and the Ottoman Empire are suspended.

Ships in communication with Cape Diagonal Radio Telegraph Station:—
Nipore

Inward Mails.

Europe (British Mail), Nipore, 7th Jan.
Europe (London 11th Dec., via Siberia), Nipore, 8th Jan.
Europe (London 7th Dec., via Siberia), Nipore, 9th Jan.
Australia, Eastern, 9th Jan.
Singapore, Malaya, 13th Jan.

Mails will close for:—

HOIHOW & HAIPHONG.
For Yokohama, at 7 a.m., on Saturday, the 8th Jan.

SAIGON.
For Saigon, at 9 a.m., on Saturday, the 8th Jan.

HAIPHONG.
For Haiphong, at 10 a.m., on Saturday, the 8th Jan.

SHANGHAI, NORTH CHINA & JAPAN VIA KOBE.
For Yokohama, at 11 a.m., on Saturday, the 8th Jan.

JAPAN VIA MOJI, HONOLULU, HILO, SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES, SALINA CRUZ, PANAMA, CALLEO, ARICA, IQUIQUE, VALPARAISO & CORONEL.
For Yokohama, at 11 a.m., on Saturday, the 8th Jan.

SHANGHAI & NORTH CHINA.
For Yokohama, at noon, on Saturday, the 8th Jan.

SAIGON.
For Saigon, at 1 p.m., on Saturday, the 8th Jan.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.
For Cebu, at 2 p.m., on Saturday, the 8th Jan.

BANGKOK.
For Bangkok, at 3 p.m., on Saturday, the 8th Jan.

CHIN WANGTAO.
For Yokohama, at 5 p.m., on Saturday, the 8th Jan.

SHANGHAI & NORTH CHINA.
(Europe via Siberia).
For Yokohama, at 4.15 p.m., on Saturday, the 8th Jan.

[Shanghai British P.O., Wednesday, 12th Jan.]

STRAITS.
For Singapore, at 5 p.m., on Saturday, the 8th Jan.

SWATOW, AMOY & FORMOSA VIA TAMSUI.
For Yokohama, at 9 a.m., on Monday, the 10th Jan.

STRAITS, BURMAH & INDIA VIA CALCUTTA.
For Yokohama, at 10 a.m., on Monday, the 10th Jan.

JAPAN VIA NAGASAKI, UNITED STATES, SOUTH AMERICA & CANADA VIA SAN FRANCISCO & UNITED KINGDOM VIA CANADA.
For Yokohama, at 11 a.m., on Monday, the 10th Dec.

SHANGHAI, NORTH CHINA, JAPAN VIA MOJI, UNITED STATES, SOUTH AMERICA VIA TACOMA, CANADA, UNITED KINGDOM VIA VICTORIA.
For Yokohama, at 12.15 p.m., on Tuesday, the 11th Jan.

STRAITS & INDIA VIA CALCUTTA.
For Yokohama, at 2 p.m., on Tuesday, the 11th Jan.

SHANGHAI & NORTH CHINA.
(Europe via Siberia).
For Yokohama, at 3 p.m., on Tuesday, the 11th Jan.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.
For Cebu, at 3 p.m., on Tuesday, the 11th Jan.

HAIPHONG, SAIGON, STRAITS, BURMAH, CEYLON, ADELAIDE, WESTERN AUSTRALIA, INDIA, ADELAIDE, EGYPT & EUROPE.
For Yokohama, at 3.15 p.m., on Tuesday, the 11th Jan.

SWATOW, AMOY & FORMOSA.
For Yokohama, at 1 p.m., on Wednesday, the 12th Jan.

STRAITS, COLOMBO, DUBAI, CAPE TOWN, MADAGASCAR & UNITED KINGDOM.
For Yokohama, at 11 a.m., on Thursday, the 13th Jan.

JAPAN VIA NAGASAKI.
For Yokohama, at 9 a.m., on Friday, the 14th Jan.

SWATOW, AMOY & FORMOSA.
For Yokohama, at 1 p.m., on Friday, the 14th Jan.

THE PRINCE OF WALES' FUND.

(SUBSCRIPTION LIST NO. 55.)

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Mr R. D. Harvey's Fund:—
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Mr. T. E. Yee Sze 10
Mr. A. R. Pollock 5
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Mr. J. H. Backhouse 5
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Mr. J. H. Backhouse 5
Dr. Clark 5
Miss Baylis 5

Collected by Mr. R. D. Harvey:—
Miss Baylis 5
Mr. F. Berington 5
Mr. J. H. Backhouse 5
Mr. W. A. Wilkie 10
Mr. J. H. Backhouse 5
Dr. Clark 5
Miss Baylis 5

To-day's Advertisements

GREAT NORTHERN TELEGRAPH COMPANY, LTD.

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS.

Data received. From. Addressed.

31st Dec., Shanghai Frank Wilson, Brighton House, Hongkong Station.

3rd Jan., Shanghai Vitah.

W. F. SCHROEDER, Superintendent.

Hongkong, Jan. 7, 1916.

AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM NEW YORK & COLOMBO.

THE Steamship "K. H. LAMBA" having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the HONGKONG AND KOWLOON WHARF AND GODOWN CO., LTD., at Kowloon, and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

All Broken, Chafed, and Damaged Goods are to be taken in the Godowns, where they will be examined on FRIDAY, 14th January at 10 a.m.

All Claims must be presented within fifteen days of the steamer's arrival here after which they cannot be recognized.

No Claims will be "admitted" after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 14th January will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by SHEWAN, TOMES & CO. Agents.

Hongkong, Jan. 7, 1916.

SHIPPING

ARRIVALS.

January 8.

Tokyo, Dutch str., 2,444, De Lange, Moji Jan. 1. Coal—JAWA-CHINA-JAPAN LINE.

Yui Maru, Japanese str., 1,393, Matsumoto, Chinghai, Dec. 31. Coal—Doornik & Co. Lo.

Kohai Maru, Japanese steamer, 1,845, Moji Dec. 31. Coal—M. B. G. K.

January 7.

Sunghang, British str., 887, J. Robinson, Haiphong Jan. 5, General.—BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

Tibodas, Dutch str., 2,983, E. H. Kroes, from Java Ports, General.—JAWA-CHINA-JAPAN LINE.

Van Veen, Dutch steamer, 3,009, R. de Vries, Singapore Dec. 30, General.—JAWA-CHINA-JAPAN LINE.

Dojin Maru, Japanese str., 1,875, S. Saito, Swatow Jan. 6, General.—OSAKA SHOSAN KANSAI.

DEPARTURES.

January 7.

Oleg, for Haiphong.

Tokai Maru, for Dairen.

Fukui Maru, for Wakamatsu.

Shanghai, for Shanghai.

Hongkong, for Haiphong and Haiphong.

Moscow, for Khabarovsk.

Tarshun, for Shanghai.

Hsin Chang, for Canton.

Eugenia, for Vladivostok.

Hakima, for Swatow and Foochow.

CLEARED.

Moscow, for Saigon.

Kayong, for Pakhoi and Haiphong.

Suyon Maru, for Singapore and Bombay.

Helena, for Nagasaki and Yokohama.

Leung, for Haiphong and Haiphong.

SHIPPING REPORTS.

The Japanese steamer Dojin Maru from Swatow reports: Gentle N.E. breeze and rainy weather, sea slight.

PASSENGERS EXPECTED.

Per M. M. a.s. Andri Lebon (ex. Yashu Maru, London Dec. 4).—Mr. L. Lebo, Mr. J. J. Tartarin and 5 children, Miss V. Tartarin, Miss H. Tartarin, Mrs. Bishop, Mrs. Sutherland, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Griffin, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Smith and child, Mr. and Mrs. L. Smith and child, Mr. and Mrs. O. Smith and child, Mr. Owen Hughes.

Per P. & O. a.s. Madras. From London, Nov. 27.—Rev. S. N. Norton, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Aires and 4 children, Mr. W. Barbour, Mrs. Leches, child and amah, Mr. E. O. Hardy and child.

Per P. & O. a.s. Hyderabad. From London Dec. 11.—Mr. Feenley.

Per N. Y. K. a.s. Miyazaki Maru. From London Dec. 12.—Mr. H. West, Mrs. Henderson and infant, Mr. C. H. Gale.

Per P. & O. a.s. Madras. From London Dec. 24.—Mr. H. H. H.

Per N. Y. K. a.s. Kure Maru. From London Jan. 1.—Mr. and Mrs. Roberts.

Per P. & O. a.s. Mongolia. From London Jan. 8.—Mr. A. Turner.

TO LET

TO LET.

11 and 13 GAGE STREET. From 1st January, 1916.

Apply to—
J. VINCENT BRAGA,
Toyo Kisen Kaisha.
Hongkong, Nov. 15, 1915.

TO LET.

A HOUSE in Kowloon Terrace.

THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY CO., LTD.

Hongkong, Nov. 3, 1915.

TO LET.

OFFICES in Queen's Buildings.

Apply—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY CO., LTD.

Hongkong, Dec. 8, 1915.

TO LET.

THE KENNELS 168 Magazine Gap. Thoroughly renovated and repaired.

Apply to—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY CO., LTD.

Hongkong, Nov. 9, 1915.

TO LET.

N.O. 8, STEWART TERRACE, Peak. 1st May: unfurnished.

Apply to—
DEVISON, RAM & GIBBS.

Hongkong, Sept. 3, 1915.

TO LET.

TWO HOUSES in "Stonehouse", No. 5, Robinson Road. Newly done-up and remodelled.

Each house contains downstairs two good rooms and upstairs three bedrooms, each with bathroom.

Outhouses and Grass Tennis Court. Shortly available for occupation.

Apply to—
DAVID SASSOON & Co., Ltd.

Hongkong, Dec. 22, 1915.

HOUSES IN KOWLOON TO LET.

N.O. 4, Durbar Villas.

Nos. 8, 9, 10, Terrace Buildings.

No. 6, Ormsby Terrace.

Moderate rent. Ready for occupation.

A large office in the first floor.

No. 34, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

Apply to—
YEE SANG PAT & Co.

34, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

Hongkong, Dec. 29, 1915.

TO LET.

THREE-ROOMED FLATS in Humphreys Buildings, Kowloon.

FOUR-ROOMED FLATS in May Road, with every modern convenience, including English Baths and Kitchen Ranges, Hot Water and Water Carriage Station. A few flats specially designed to accommodate three bachelors at reasonable rentals. Immediate possession.

FOUR-ROOMED HOUSES in Gordon Terrace and Salisbury Avenue, Kowloon.

TWO ROOMED FLATS in Nathan Road, Kowloon.

Apply to—
HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Alexandra Buildings.

Hongkong, Dec. 29, 1915.

TO LET.

OFFICES at 2 Connaught Road.

OFFICES in King's Buildings.

OFFICES in Levee Road Central.

HOUSES in OLIVION GARDENS, Connaught Road.

NEW HOUSES in Broadwood Terrace, HOUSES at the Peak.

GOUDONS at Wanchai.

Nos. 1, 2 & 3 West End Terrace, CANTON.

Apply.

HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY CO., LTD.

Hongkong, Dec. 16, 1915.

EXCHANGE